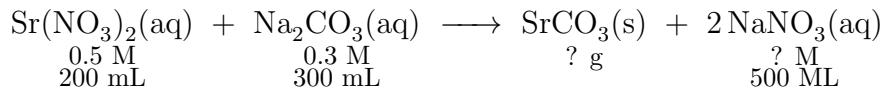


5. Calculate the mass of precipitate and the concentration of sodium nitrate solution the forms when 200 mL of 0.5 M strontium nitrate solution and 300 mL of 0.3 M sodium carbonate solution are mixed together (assume a total volume of 500 mL)



Consider $\text{Sr(NO}_3)_2$:

$n = ?$	$n = CV$
$C = 0.5 \text{ mol/L}$	$n = 0.5 \text{ mol/L} \times 0.200 \text{ L}$
$V = 200 \text{ mL} \rightarrow 0.200 \text{ L}$	$n = 0.100 \text{ mol Sr(NO}_3)_2 \text{ available}$ EXCESS

$$0.100 \text{ mol Sr(NO}_3)_2 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Na}_2\text{CO}_3}{1 \text{ mol Sr(NO}_3)_2} = 0.100 \text{ mol Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \text{ required}$$

Consider Na_2CO_3 :

$n = ?$	$n = CV$
$C = 0.3 \text{ mol/L}$	$n = 0.3 \text{ mol/L} \times 0.300 \text{ L}$
$V = 300 \text{ mL} \rightarrow 0.300 \text{ L}$	$n = 0.0900 \text{ mol Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \text{ available}$ LIMITING

$$0.0900 \text{ mol Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol Sr(NO}_3)_2}{1 \text{ mol Na}_2\text{CO}_3} = 0.0900 \text{ mol Sr(NO}_3)_2 \text{ required}$$

therefore the limiting reagent is Na_2CO_3

$$0.0900 \text{ mol Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \times \frac{1 \text{ mol SrCO}_3}{1 \text{ mol Na}_2\text{CO}_3} \times \frac{147.63 \text{ g SrCO}_3}{1 \text{ mol SrCO}_3} = 13.3 \text{ g SrCO}_3$$

$$0.0900 \text{ mol Na}_2\text{CO}_3 \times \frac{2 \text{ mol NaNO}_3}{1 \text{ mol Na}_2\text{CO}_3} = 0.180 \text{ mol NaNO}_3$$

$$n = 0.1800 \text{ mol} \quad C = \frac{n}{V}$$

$$C = \frac{0.180 \text{ mol}}{0.500 \text{ L}}$$

$$C = 0.360 \text{ M NaNO}_3$$
